3°B
INGLES
PROF: MARIANA GONZALEZ
SALSO
2DO TRIMESTRE
Grammar and vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences. Use the Past continuous.
   When the rain flooded the village, ...
   1 my parents / sleep.
   2 Brenda / phone a friend.
   3 Jason / play video games.
   4 Puffy, my dog, / eat a bone.
   5 my brother and I / study for a test.

2 Put the verbs in the correct form. Use the Past continuous.
   VICKY: What 1 do (you / do) when the concert started?
   NOELIA: I 2 not sit (not / sit) because I 3 try (try) to find my friends.
   VICKY: 4 / walk (your sister / walk) with you?
   NOELIA: No, she 5 study (study) at home.
   VICKY: 6 (your friends / listen) to the band?
   NOELIA: Yes, they were delighted because the musicians 7 play (play) their favourite song.

3 Complete with words from the box.
   blew calm destroyed rescued flooded
   1 The heavy rain 1 the streets.
   2 The neighbours tried to 2 down the boy until the firefighters 3 him.
   3 The hurricane 3 a lot of plants.
   4 The strong wind 4 down some houses.

4 Circle the correct option.
   1 The sun shone / was shining when we arrived / were arriving home.
   2 We smelled / were smelling the smoke when the fire destroyed / was destroying the house.
   3 Jane climbed / was climbing a mountain when she fell / was falling.

Reading

5 Read and answer.

An Argentine hero
Dr René Favaloro was born in La Plata, Buenos Aires, in 1923. His father was a carpenter and his mother was a dressmaker. They were very poor, but very happy. He did his secondary school at Colegio Nacional de La Plata. Later, he studied Medicine at the National University of La Plata. When he graduated, he went to Jacinto Aráuz, a small town in La Pampa. When he was working there, he invited his brother to work with him.

The Favaloro brothers equipped the town with an operating theatre and X-rays. They taught first aid to the general public, teachers and nurses. Dr René Favaloro went to the Cleveland Clinic in the USA. While he was working in the cardiovascular surgery department, he invented the “bypass” and became very famous. He came back to Argentina in 1971 and founded the Fundación Favaloro in 1975. A lot of medical doctors train there. They cure rich and poor people from all over the world.

Dr Favaloro died in 2000, while he was trying to keep his foundation going.

1 When was Dr Favaloro born?
2 What did his father do?
3 What was he doing when he invented the “bypass”?
4 What happened while he was trying to keep his foundation going?

6 Complete the sentences. Use and, because or but.
   1 Dr Favaloro was born 1 studied in La Plata.
   2 The Favaloro brothers weren’t teachers 2 they taught first aid in Jacinto Aráuz.
> Grammar and vocabulary

1 Write affirmative (✓), negative (✗) and interrogative (?) sentences. Use ever, never or just.
1 (?) Alexia / ride / a motorbike
   (✓) in the city / (✓) in the countryside
2 (?) the Watsons / win / the lottery
   (✓) the lottery / (✓) an important prize
3 (?) you / eat / crocodile
   (✓) a crocodile / (✓) seafood
4 (?) we / drive / a bus
   (✓) a bus / (✓) a van
5 (?) Gastón / run / a marathon
   (✓) a marathon / (✓) a race

2 Look at Marina’s tour plans and write 4 sentences about her experience. Use the Present perfect. Today is Wednesday.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUNDAY</th>
<th>Climb the Uritorco</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MONDAY</td>
<td>Go hang-gliding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TUESDAY</td>
<td>Do bungee jumping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEDNESDAY</td>
<td>Return to Córdoba</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb. Use the Past simple or the Present perfect.
1 A: [ever / meet] ________ you ________ a famous person?
   B: Yes, I [meet] ________ Julio Bocca when he [come] ________ to my town.
2 A: ________ your father [ever / be] ________ to the USA?
   B: Yes, he [go] ________ to work there when he [be] ________ a teenager.
3 A: ________ your friends [ever / give] ________ you a special present?
   B: All their presents are special, but they [give] ________ me an MP3 player for my 15th birthday.

> Reading

4 Read the text and answer the questions.

Lifestyles

Sanjin, 14
My father is an adventurous person. He loves living as a nomad. He has changed his job more than 10 times and we have moved house 5 times. We’ve lived in Austria, Germany, Italy and Spain. It is great to visit different countries, but meeting new people can sometimes be stressful.
I have got friends in many countries and I can visit them, but I’d like to have them with me all the time.

Jeremy, 40
I’m an English teacher. I was born in London, but I’ve lived all over the world. I’ve been to all countries in Latin America because I’ve taught English there. I find it exciting.
I like sports. I have climbed mountains in Bolivia, I have dived in Brazil and I have ridden a horse in Argentina. As you can imagine, I haven’t got a boring life.
I love meeting different kinds of people and I can make friends easily. I’ve met people from many countries and I think Argentines are the friendliest.

Nelson, 19
I’ve always lived with my parents in a big house in a calm small city. I’ve enjoyed sharing my good and bad moments with mum, dad and my sisters. But last year I finished secondary school and moved to Rosario to study Medicine. Luckily, my parents have rented a comfortable flat near university for me.
I started studying last April and I have passed four difficult subjects. If I go on like this, I’ll finish in five years. I’d like to go back to my city with my family.

1 Who has changed his job many times?
2 Where has Jeremy lived?
3 What sports has he practised?
4 Why has Nelson moved to Rosario?

5 What do these words describe?
   1 adventurous
   2 exciting
   3 friendly
   4 boring
Grammar and vocabulary

1. Complete with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.
   1. If you ________ (eat) well, you ________ (be) healthy.
   2. If you ________ (not / study), you ________ (not / learn).
   3. You ________ (fall) asleep if you ________ (be) tired.
   4. Students ________ (enjoy) their lessons if they ________ (solve) challenging problems.
   5. If the teacher ________ (plan) good lessons, students ________ (participate) enthusiastically.

2. Match the halves.
   1. You are unhappy about something
   2. You are calm
   3. If you are angry
   4. If you are down,
   a. you want to shout.
   b. if you are upset.
   c. you are sad.
   d. if you are not stressed.

3. Choose the correct option.
   1. We have to / mustn’t see a doctor when we have a temperature.
   2. You have to / don’t have to finish your homework now. You can go on later.
   3. I don’t have to / mustn’t get up early. It’s Sunday!
   4. Students mustn’t / don’t have to answer all the questions correctly to pass.

4. Complete with should or shouldn’t.
   1. Peter has a sore throat. He ________ shout.
   2. Students ________ bully their peers.
   3. You ________ be worried, everything will be all right.
   4. We ________ phone Maggy. I’ve heard she’s ill.

Reading

5. Read and choose the best title.
   1. Adolescents at school
   2. Adolescents’ health
   3. Adolescents and parents

According to a publication of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services from 2009, when children grow up into adolescence, they develop certain patterns of behavior and make choices that can influence their health. Risks are associated with car or motorbike crashes, street fights, unprotected sex and alcohol or drug abuse.

On the other hand, some teenagers try to have a healthy life, practice sports and avoid using tobacco and any addictive substances.

The choices teenagers make are influenced by peers, family, school and society. This is the main reason why parents must maintain a good communication with their children and with their school.

Government policies should promote healthy behavior through education programmes and advice in the media. One of these programmes is called School Connectedness and it aims to ensure that adolescents will be healthy and productive members of society.

Source www.ed.gov/HealthyYouth.

6. Find words or phrases in the text meaning:
   1. Conduct
   2. Have an effect on
   3. Other equals

7. According to the article:
   1. All / many / a few children learn how to behave when they grow older.
   2. Many / a few / none of the adolescents might run risks because of their choices.
   3. Adolescents should / must practise sports to have a healthy life.
   4. Parents must / don’t have to share time with their children.
   5. Government policies must / don’t have to develop education programmes.
Grammar

1. Complete the sentences. Use the Past simple or the Past continuous.
   1. She _______ (not watch) TV; she _______ (do) her homework.
   2. We _______ (eat) dinner when the fire alarm _______ (go) off.
   3. She _______ (do) her homework when her mobile _______ (ring).
   4. When John _______ (arrive) home, his children _______ (sleep).
   5. While they _______ (play) football it _______ (begin) to rain.

2. On January 10th, 1973 there was a terrible tornado in San Justo. Read the chart and compare what usually happens at 6.00 am and what happened that day at 6.00 am.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Usually</th>
<th>January 10th, 1973</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Mayor</td>
<td>have breakfast</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government workers</td>
<td>go to their offices</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doctors</td>
<td>treat sick people at the hospital</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children</td>
<td>get up to go to school</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 sleep</td>
<td>phone my friends to know how they were</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Ask questions about the San Justo tornado.
   1. _______ the Mayor _______ breakfast at 6.00 am?
   2. What _______ in their houses?
   3. Where _______ ambulances?
   4. Why _______ the children _______?
   5. Who _______ 1 _______?

4. Match the questions in Exercise 3 (1-5) to the following answers a-e.
   a. My friends.
   b. No, he wasn't.
   c. Because they were terrified.
   d. Checking the damages.
   e. In the streets.

5. Put the verbs in the Past simple or Past continuous form.
   Ayelén Wichi is a young mother. She lives in the Andes lake region in the South West of Argentina. Last year she _______ (become) a heroine. When she _______ (get) home from work, her youngest son, Nahuel, _______ (cry) and _______ (tremble). He _______ (have) a terrible stomach ache. At first, she _______ (not know) what to do, but then, she _______ (take) the little boy in her arms and _______ (start) to walk to the nearest hospital. (It is 70 km from her house.) She _______ (walk) for two days down the mountain. When she _______ (arrive) at the hospital she _______ (be) exhausted. Luckily, the doctor _______ (treat) people in his consulting room and could see Nahuel immediately. He _______ (suffer) from appendicitis and Ayelén _______ (save) his life.
**Vocabulary**

6 Find 3 actions and 3 disasters and write them in the corresponding column. Look ↦→↑↓.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disasters</th>
<th>Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7 Circle the correct option.
1 The storm/flood covered the buildings.
2 The rain/fire destroyed two buildings.
3 The earthquake/traffic accident devastated the area.
4 When the firefighters arrived, the volunteers were trying to calm down/blow down the people in the building.
5 The dog saved/rescued the life of the tourists lost in the mountains.

8 Put the conversation in order.

a. There was a car accident.
b. What happened to the people?
c. They were destroyed.
d. They immediately called the police and the ambulance.
e. What happened to the cars?
f. What happened?
g. They were seriously injured.
h. What did people do?

9 Read the text and answer the questions.

Anne Frank
Anne Frank was a very brave young girl. She was born in 1929 in Germany. Her family were Jewish. It was very difficult for Jewish families because Adolf Hitler was president of Germany and he hated Jewish people. He began sending them to camps, where many of them were killed or died. Anne’s family were afraid of being sent to death camps, so they found an old building where they could hide. They lived there for two years before the soldiers found them. Anne was only 12 years old, but she wrote very well. Every day she wrote about her difficult life. Her diary was found after she died and today many people know about Anne Frank from reading her diary.

1. When and where was Anne Frank born?
2. Why were Anne’s family afraid?
3. Where did they hide and for how long?
4. How old was Anne Frank?
5. How do we know about her life?

10 Put the information in this short biography in the correct order.

a. In 1937, when she was 39 years old, she decided to fly around the world.

b. She became the first woman to fly across the Atlantic Ocean on her own and also the first woman to fly across the USA on her own.

c. She was born in Atchison, Kansas.

d. Amelia Earhart was a brave and unusual woman.

e. She never landed anywhere, and nobody heard anything from her.

f. Sadly, she had just disappeared.

g. She flew 22,000 miles and only had 7,000 more to go when something strange happened.
Grammar

1 Complete the chart.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Infinitive</th>
<th>Past simple</th>
<th>Past participle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>have</td>
<td>was / were</td>
<td>seen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>write</td>
<td></td>
<td>ridden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>fly</td>
<td></td>
<td>bought</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>win</td>
<td>swam</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>take</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2 Write questions and answers with ever and never. Use the Present perfect.

1 A: you / run / a marathon / ?
   B: in the city X / in the countryside ✓

2 A: Analia / drive / a truck / ?
   B: a truck X / a van ✓

3 A: Francis and Henry / dance / tango / ?
   B: tango X / salsa ✓

4 A: Felipe / eat / spaghetti / ?
   B: spaghetti X / pizza ✓

5 A: you / meet / Eugenia’s father / ?
   B: her father X / her mother ✓

3 Put the verbs in the Past simple or Present perfect form.

1 A: __________ (you / ever / be) to Japan?
   B: No, I ________ (have). But I ________ (visit) China in 2001.

2 I __________ (never / see) a snake, but yesterday I ________ (see) a spider and it ________ (be) very frightening.

3 A: __________ (Anita / ever / win) a prize?
   B: Oh, yes. The Writers’ International Association ________ (give) her many prizes. Last year, she ________ (receive) the first prize in poetry.

4 A: Who ________ (take) this photograph?
   B: My sister Andrea ________ (take) it when she ________ (travel) to Toronto.

4 Put the verbs in the Present simple, Past simple or Present perfect form.

I __________ (just / see) my best friend Natalia. She __________ (be) a personal trainer. She __________ (love) her job and __________ (work) very hard.

She __________ (have) many funny experiences. Last year, for example, she __________ (train) a young girl that __________ (run) the 42 km marathon of Buenos Aires. It __________ (be) really hard work! __________ (you / ever / do) gym with a personal trainer?
> Vocabulary

5 Complete the sentences with the opposites of the words in the box.

ignorant interesting stressful terrific wonderful

1 Living in the country is _________.
2 Horacio solves Maths problems very quickly. He is very _________.
3 The boy had an _________ experience when the dog chased him.
4 The book was so _________ that nobody finished it.
5 Jane's camping experience was so _________ that she sold her tent.

6 Match the words in columns A and B.

A
1 live
2 win
3 see
4 travel
5 appear

B
a on TV
b a UFO
c in a village
d a race
e by plane

> Reading

8 Read the text and answer the questions.

Our lifestyle has changed dramatically over the last three or four decades. Women have changed their role and now share more responsibilities with men. Now fathers change diapers and mothers do business. Both men and women work outside their homes.

But in the last decade, this is becoming more common and there are some options that make life easier.

Computers have made it possible for people to work from their homes. Parents don't need to leave their children with unknown people. They can look after them while they do e-work.

Many companies have started selling online, and buying many products is easy and fast. Modern devices have changed the way we cook or do housework. We can buy takeaway food and heat it in the microwave oven, or even have it delivered. Floors are gleaming after just mopping them. New products are appearing every day to make our life easier.

It feels good to be living in this era! I wouldn't like to live in any other. And, some day, I'd like to live in an intelligent house.

1 How has life changed in the last three or four decades?
2 List three things that have changed in the last decade.
3 Why is e-work a good change?
4 What is happening every day to make our life easier?
5 What would the writer like to do some day?

9 Write about the lifestyle of a person you admire. Include:

• His / Her everyday life.
• Why he / she has called your attention.
• What he / she has done recently.
• His / Her dreams for the future.
Grammar

1 Write sentences using the zero conditional.

1 if / we not sleep well / we have a headache

2 babies cry / if / they be hungry

3 if / you not study / you not learn

4 teenagers work hard / if / lessons be interesting

5 if / we do gym / we get tired

2 Complete with must, mustn’t or don’t have to.

When we are at school, we _______ follow rules. We _______ run in the corridor and we _______ stay in the classroom during lessons. We _______ to sweep the floor, but we _______ keep the classroom clean. We _______ throw papers on the floor. We _______ say “good morning” to teachers and we _______ talk when they are teaching. We _______ be our teachers’ friends, but we _______ respect them.

3 Match the problems (1-5) with the pieces of advice (a-e). Use should or shouldn’t.

1 Fred is tired.
2 Maggy has red eyes.
3 The children are hungry.
4 You are too nervous.
5 I’ve got a toothache.

1 _______

2 _______

3 _______

4 _______

5 _______

a see a dentist.
b go on working.
c visit the optician.
d relax.
e skip breakfast.

Vocabulary

4 Read and complete the adjectives.

1 When things go wrong, I feel _______.

2 When I can’t relax, I am _______.

3 When I don’t sleep 8 hours, I feel _______.

4 When I work at night, I feel _______ in the morning.

5 When my mum is ill, I am _______.

a d_______.
b s_______.
c t_______.
d s_______.
e w_______.
5 Fill in the blanks with words from the box.

can't move  does it hurt  in bed  feel very well  How can I help  sprained ankle  take  What's the matter

DOCTOR: Good morning. 1________________________ you?

PATIENT: I don't 2________________________.

DOCTOR: 2________________________?

PATIENT: I have a terrible pain.

DOCTOR: Where 4________________________?

PATIENT: It's my leg. I 5________________________ it!

DOCTOR: Let's see... Oh, you've got a 6________________________. You must 7________________________ an aspirin every 4 hours and stay 8________________________.

6 Read the text and complete the sentences.

Volcanoes and health problems

A volcano is similar to a mountain, but it has a crack at its summit. When a volcano erupts, there are many consequences. The first, and maybe the most important, is that people are scared. If the lava comes out of the opening, it covers and destroys the surrounding areas.

At the beginning, ashes and gases come out of the crater. If people breathe them, they cough and have a sore throat and their eyes get red.

People should stay at home. If they have to go out to work or study, they must cover their noses and mouths.

Planes must stop flying because ash clouds cover the sky and it is dangerous to pilot them.

1 People are scared when________________________.
2 People have a sore throat if________________________.
3 People shouldn't________________________.
4 Planes mustn't________________________.

7 Look at the information and report the results of the survey about teenage health awareness. Use the expressions in the box.

1 100% do some sport
2 80% sleep 7 or 8 hours a day
3 54% eat fruit and vegetables
4 23% suffer from eating disorders
5 0% consume drugs
6 10% smoke

a few  all of them  more than half  most of them  nobody  under a quarter
MESSY TEENAGERS
A. Reading
Mr. Johnson and his wife have a teenage son named Kyle. Kyle is fifteen years old. He is a good kid, but he is messy. His hair is messy, his handwriting is messy, and his bedroom is messy. The Johnsons want to change Kyle’s bad habits. They want him to comb his hair, write neatly, and keep his room clean. Mr. Johnson gets angry when Kyle’s room is a mess. He scolds him, but it doesn’t do any good. Mrs. Johnson tries to reason with Kyle. She explains why he should be neater. Neither parent is able to change Kyle’s bad habits. Kyle is just a messy teenager.

B. True or False
1. ______ Kyle’s bedroom is messy.
2. ______ Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are Kyle’s grandparents.
3. ______ Kyle is between thirteen and nineteen years old.
4. ______ Kyle doesn’t comb his hair very often.
5. ______ Mrs. Johnson scolds Kyle.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion
1. ______ Most teenagers are messy.
2. ______ Kyle will be neater when he gets older.

D. Writing – Are you a neat person or a messy person?
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

MIGUEL IS A RUNNER
A. Reading
Miguel is training for a marathon. A marathon is a race. It is a little more than twenty-six miles long. Miguel has been practicing for five months. Every morning he wakes up at 4:45 to take a practice run. He owns four pairs of running shoes, and he rotates them. This allows them to dry out between runs. It also extends the life of the shoes. This morning Miguel’s right foot is sore. He has a blister on the sole of his foot. He is going to limp home and soak his foot in warm water. He may take a day off from running tomorrow and allow his foot to heal.

B. True or False
1. ______ Marathons are about 26 miles long.
2. ______ Serious runners have more than one pair of running shoes.
3. ______ Miguel’s feet have blisters.
4. ______ Asole is the top of the foot.
5. ______ The words heel and heal mean the same thing.

C. Yes or No – Share Your Opinion
1. ______ Running long distances is bad for your feet.
2. ______ Five months is not long enough to prepare for a marathon.

D. Writing – How do you feel after you exercise?
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________